PAT-NO:

JP356113641A

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: JP 56113641 A

TITLE:

LOCATION ARRANGING AND CARRYING DEVICE FOR PAPER SHEETS

**PUBN-DATE:** 

September 7, 1981

#### **INVENTOR-INFORMATION:**

NAME

COUNTRY

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NAME

COUNTRY

TOSHIBA CORP N/A

APPL-NO:

JP55016147

APPL-DATE: February 13, 1980

INT-CL (IPC): B65H009/16

US-CL-CURRENT: <u>271/34</u>, <u>271/250</u>

#### ABSTRACT:

PURPOSE: To arrange the locations of paper sheets efficiently at a short distance by mounting a carrying mechanism aslant transporting the paper sheets and a location arranging feeding mechanism arranging the locations of the paper sheets on the reference surface.

CONSTITUTION: Paper sheets A are loaded on a paper sheet accumulating section 1, carrying belts 5a, 5b are kept travel and the paper sheets A are extracted. In this case, the speed of carrying of the carrying belt 5a is made larger than the belt 5b, and the paper sheets A are inclined and transported. A location arranging feeding mechanism 7 sends the paper sheets to a reading section 2, pushing the side edges A1 of the paper sheets A against a location arranging reference surface 6 and arranging them by the revolution of a drive roller 10 under a condition that the paper sheets are held between the drive roller 10 and a feed roller 11. Thus, since an aligning area S can be minimized, carrying time can be shortened, and treatment can be accelerated. Since the feeding force of the feed roller 11, etc. can minutely be adjusted, handling is facilitated.

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### 19 日本国特許庁 (JP)

①特許出願公開

# ⑩公開特許公報(A)

昭56-113641

f)Int. Cl.<sup>3</sup>B 65 H 9/16

識別記号

庁内整理番号 7140-3F 砂公開 昭和56年(1981)9月7日

発明の数 1 審査請求 未請求・

(全 4 頁)

## **匈紙葉類の整位搬送装置**

願 昭55-16147

梶川茂司

②特②出

質 昭55(1980)2月13日

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99 組 程

1. 発明の名称

紅葉類の整位搬送装置

#### 2. 特許請求の範囲

(2) 上記搬送機構は、搬送方向に対して左右に離間して殴けられた一対の観送ベルトを偏えて構成され、上記基準面質に位置する一方の搬送ベルトの走行速度を他方の搬送ベルトの走行速度を他方の搬送される特許が必要はよりも遅くしたことを特徴とする特許がの範囲第1項配収の紙業類の整位搬送装置。

(3) 前胎整位送り機構は、所定の付勢力で組 葉に転接する込りローラを偏えて構成され、と の送りローラはその前側が上配整位器準値に近 付くように傾けてあることを特徴とする特許額 水の転曲第1項記載の無嚢類の整位搬送装置。 3. 発明の詳細な記明

との発明は、 教票 その他の 私業類 を 整位 しつつ 数 送 する 装 値 に 関 する。

しかしながらとのような整位機構では、私々

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維多な大きさの散棄に対応させるために上記ア
ライナーエリア c をかなり広く環保しなければ
ならない。その結果、説取節 b までの搬送時間
か良くかかり、処理の高速化の興告となってい
た。また、概葉 A を搬出ベルト d , d から可能
な限りまっすぐに取出すことが選まれるために、
ベルト d , d の調整がきわめて難かしくなるな
と、調整作業に手数を安するものであった。

この発明は、上記事情にもとづきなされたものでその目的とするとこうは、 短い距離で効率よく 紅葉の髪位か行なえ、 処理能率が 向上するとともに、 鈎整を容易に行なえる 紅葉類の髪位 搬送装置を提供することにある。

以下との劣物と一类属例を集3凶ないし到5 凶を診照して説明する。

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設けられている。との整位基準面 δ は、搬送方 向にねって壁状に形成されたものである。そし てての整位基準面 6 の途中には、上記販送ペル ト5bの搬送終端近傍に登位送り機構でが設け られている。との整位送り破構さは、一例とし て射5凶ん評凶するととく特成されている。す なわち、10は勘動ローラであり、これは凶示 しない斟助族によって回転斟酌されるようにな っている。そして上配製動ローラ10上には送 りローラー」が転送している。との送りローラ 11な、ローラ支持体12に取付けられている。 とのローラ支持体12は、上配製位基準面6代 取付けたプラケット13化よって支持されてい **る。そしてローラ支持体12は、その垂直軸** 12 a を回動中心として左右方向に回動できる よりれ構成されている。でしてローラ支持体 12は、その前鉤が前記髪位基準面6に向くよ うな位置れ、アジャスタミ(によって固定され ている。したがって、難る凶化示されるように、 必りローラ11はその前側が整位基準面6に向

6 は上記紙業集製部」から紙業 A を取出すための搬送機構である。この搬送機構をは、一対の搬送ペルト 5 a , 5 b を備えている。そしてこれらの搬送ペルト 5 a , 5 b の距行によって紙乗 A が一枚ずつ 摩擦により取出されるようになっている。

しかしてこの実施例の場合、銀送方向左側に位置する搬送ベルト 5 a の搬送速度 F l を、右側に位置する搬送ベルト 5 b の搬送速度 F l よりも大きくしてある。そして以上のように F l > F l とした結果、 低業 A は集積部 1 から取出されたのち正ちに右方向に曲がった状態で送られることになる。

そして、搬送方向右側には、整位基準面 6 が

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くこととなる。

また、上記プラケット」3にはアジャスタボルト」5が螺溜されている。そしてとのアジャスタボルト」5と、上記ローラ支持体」2との間には、圧縮コイルはね」6が介装されている。そしてアジャスタボルト」5の弾発力が調整できるようになっている。したかって、このコイルはね」6によって、送りローラ」1に所定の行勢力で駆動ローラ」のに転後する。なか」1に上記ボルト」5を固定するためのロックナットである。

次に上記実施例の作用について説明する。紙 乗来積削」に紙業 A …をセットした状態で、 搬 送べルト 5 a , 5 b を割 4 凶に矢印で示す方向 に走行させ、紙業 A を取出す。 このとき、 左側 の搬送ペルト 5 a の搬送選ば F<sub>L</sub> し方が、 右側の 搬达ペルト 5 b の搬送選ば F<sub>a</sub> よりも大であるた めに、紙業 A は右に傾いて移送される。 そして との紙業 A は、整位送り機構 7 に引き渡される。

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しかして上記実施例袋性によれば、搬送ベルト 5 a 、 5 b の搬送選展F。、Fa を Fl > Fa と することによって、私類 A を悉準面 6 に向って 曲げなから运り出すようにしたため、私験条様 部 1 から取出した紙葉 A を随ちに整位基準面 6 に当てることができる。そしてこの紙葉 A は、整位送り機構 7 に引き使されると同時に、送りローラ 1 1 および整位基準面 6 によって整位さ

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に限らず、印字装置その他要するに低凝類を取扱り扱器に可様に適用できる。

この発明は以上説明したように、紙葉の前側 を整位基準面に嵌せて斜めに低策を移送する撤 送機構と、との扱送機構から党取った紙類を整 位基準面に押し当てつつ送るととにより低策を 基準面に整位する整位送り機構とを値えたこと を解散とする。したがってとの発明によれな、 上記飯送飯棚によって斜めに送り出された紙葉 を取り整位基準向に当てることができる。そし てとの私業は、整位込り機構に引き使されると、 直ちにとの竪位送り砕構によって竪位されるた め、従来に比べて強い距離で整位できる。した かって、全位に設するアライナーエリアを短縮 てきるため、厳送時間を短額でき、処理の高速 化が可能となる。また本発明の敏迭般務では紙 強を故意に斜めに収出してな送するようにして いるため、従来のように私糞を可能な限りまっ すぐに収出す場合に比べて微波の胸節がはるか に容易となり 調整作業が容易化するなど、確

なお本実路例は以上のことく構成したが、この発明の実施に当ってはこの発明の要旨に反しない限り、搬送機構あるいは整位送り機構の具体的監機を移々に構成して実施できることは勿論である。またこの発明は北学式配取装置のみ

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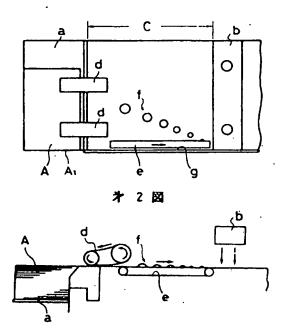
程優れた効果を奨する。

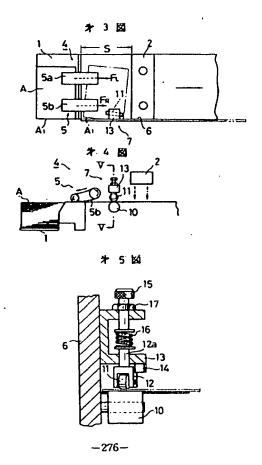
#### 4. 図面の簡単な説明

第1回かよび取2回は従来的を示し、第1回に先字式既取袋値にかける整位搬送機構部の平面回、第2回は回部の領面回、第3回などし第5回はこの発明の一実施例を示し、第3回は光字式既取袋取にかける整位搬送機構部の平面回、第4回は同部の領面回、第5回に第4回に示すV-V級に行う断面回である。

4 … 整位版送袋散、 5 … 飯送敬称、 5 a , 5 b … 散送べルト、 6 … 整位基準面、 7 … 整位送り 徴構、 1 1 … 送りローラ、 A … 紅海、 A 1 … 紅葉の飼験。

出類人代理人 弁理士 ո 江 武 彦





JP 56-13641, p. 3, end of column 8 to beginning of column 9

Also, the present invention is not limited to optical character readers; it may also be applied to printing devices or other devices that handle sheets of paper.

Translations Branch United States Patent and Trademark Office April 27, 2006 Steven M. Spar PTO 07-4918

CC=JA
DATE=19800213
KIND=PATENT
PN=56113641

# PAPER/ LEAVES ORGANIZING AND TRANSPORTING MACHINE [SHIYOURUI NO SEII HANSOU SOUCHI]

SHIGESHI OGAWA

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
WASHINGTON, D.C.
JUNE 2007
TRANSLATED BY "SCHREIBER TRANSLATIONS INC."

PUBLICATION COUNTRY	(10):	JAPAN
DOCUMENT NUMBER	(11):	56113641
DOCUMENT KIND	(12):	PATENT
PUBLICATION DATE	(43):	19810907
APPLICATION NUMBER	(21):	05516147
APPLICATION DATE	(22):	19800213
INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION	(51):	B 65 H 9/16 7140-3F
PRIORITY COUNTRY	(33):	N/A
PRIORITY NUMBER	(31):	N/A
PRIORITY DATE	(32):	N/A
INVENTOR(S)	(72):	Shigeshi Ogawa
APPLICANT(S)	(71):	Tokyo Shibaura Electrics Inc.
DESIGNATED CONTRACTING STATES	(81):	N/A
TITLE .	(54):	Paper/ leaves organizing and transporting machine
FOREIGN TITLE	[54A]:	Shiyourui no seii hansou souchi

#### Details

- Name of the invention
   Paper/ leaves organizing and transporting machine
   Area of patent requested
  - machine that has the following characteristics:

    It is equipped with an organizing standard surface set along the direction of transportation of paper/ leaves, a transporting mechanism that moves paper/ leaves tilted after gathering it against the front of the organizing standard surface, and an organizing and sending mechanism that while pressing the paper/ leaves received and pushing the sides of them towards the above mentioned organizing standard surface, also sends them along the standard surface.
  - (2) A paper/ leaves organizing and transporting
     machine written in the patent request area Clause
     1 that has the following characteristics: The
     above mentioned transport mechanism has a
     structure that is equipped with a pair of
     transporting belts that are placed away from each

other on the right and left side in the direction of the transportation, and the running speed of the transporting belt positioned on one side of the above mentioned standard surface is slower than the transporting belt positioned on the other side.

- machine written in the patent request area Clause

  1 that has the following characteristics: The

  previously mentioned organizing and sending

  mechanism has a structure that is equipped with a

  sending roller that rolls and attaches the paper/

  leaves with a certain amount of force. This

  sending roller is tilted so that its front is

  close to the above mentioned organizing standard

  surface.
- 3. Detailed explanation of this invention

This invention is related to the organization and transportation of forms and other types of paper and leaves. When using an equipment that deals with paper/ leaves such as an optical letter reading equipment, it is necessary to keep a proper position when sending the paper that was taken out of the paper collecting part into the reading part and other processing part. For this reason, it

is necessary to force the paper/ leaves to tilt (skew) during the transportation. For this reason, previously there was an aligner area c equipped in between the paper collecting part and the reading part, as indicated as one example in Figure 1. In other words, paper A was taken out as straightly as possible by the transporting belt d,d and put into any position desired at the aligner c, and while transporting it with the transporting belt c, the side A of paper A was pushed against the organizing standard surface g by the organizing mechanism f, and it was arranged at the standard surface q.

However, with such an organizing mechanism, a fairly wide above mentioned aligner area c needs to be secured in order to accommodate different miscellaneous large sizes of paper. As a result, the transporting time to the reading part was long and it prevented the processing part from becoming speedy. Also, labor was needed was the adjustment work because paper A needed to be taken out of the transporting belt d,d as straightly as possible, making the adjustment of the belt d,d very difficult.

This invention was made considering the issues mentioned above, and its goal is to offer a paper/ leaf organizing transport equipment that can organize the paper efficiently within a short distance and improve the processing ability,

while being able to adjust it easily as well.

Below is one execution example of this invention

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explained while referencing to Figure 3 through Figure 5.

Figure 3 and Figure 4 indicate a case when this invented machine is used as an optical reading machine. In other words, lin the figure is a paper collecting part, and paper A is collected there. 2 is a reading part. An aligner area S is put in between the reading part 2 and the above mentioned paper collecting part 1, and the organizing and carrying equipment 4 related to this invention is set in the aligner area S. In other words, 5 is a transporting mechanism for taking out the paper A from the above mentioned paper collecting part 1. This transporting mechanism 5 is equipped with a pair of transporting belts, 5a and 5b. The bottom side of the starting edges of the transporting belts 5a and 5b touch the top part of the paper A on top of the paper collecting part 1. Paper A is picked up one by one from the friction of these transporting belts 5a and 5b running.

However, in this execution example, the transporting speed FL of the transporting belt 5a positioned on the left side in the transporting direction is set faster than the transporting speed FR of the transporting belt 5b

positioned on the right side. As a result of FL > FR as mentioned above, paper A is sent bent to the right as soon as it is taken out of the collecting part 1.

The organizing standard surface 6 is equipped on the right side in the transporting direction. This organizing standard surface 6 is formed in a wall shape along the direction of transport, and in the middle of the organizing standard surface 6 there is an organizing and sending mechanism 7 equipped near the ending edge of the transport of the above mentioned transporting belt 5b. organizing and sending mechanism 7 has a structure as indicated in Figure 5 in great details as an example. Ιn other words, 10 is the driving force roller, and it is driven into rotate by a driving force source that is not indicated in the figure. On top of the above mentioned driving force roller 10 there is a sending roller 11 that diverts. This sending roller 11 is attached to a roller supporting body 12. This supporting body 12 is supported by placket 13, which is attached to the above mentioned organizing standard surface 6, and the roller supporting body 12 is fixated to the adjuster 14 so that its front faces the above mentioned organizing standard surface 6. Therefore, as indicated in Figure 3, the front of the sending roller 11 ends up facing the organizing standard

surface 6.

Also, an adjusting bolt 15 goes through the above mentioned placket 13. A compression coil spring 16 was interposed in between the adjuster bolt 15 and the above mentioned roller supporting body 12, and by adjusting the pressure amount of the adjuster bolt 15, the elastic force of the coil spring 16 can be adjusted. Therefore, the sending roller 11 gets attached to the driving force roller 10 by the force attached. Also, 17 is a lock nut that fixates the above mentioned bolt 15.

The operation of the above mentioned execution example is explained next. While setting the paper A.... in the paper collecting part 1, the transporting belts 5a and 5b are run in the direction of the arrow in Figure 4, and paper A is taken out. At this point, paper A is moved tilted to the right because the transporting speed FL of the transporting belt 5a on the left side is faster than the transporting speed FR of the transporting belt 5b on the right side.

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Then, the paper A is passed on to the organizing and sending mechanism 7. Paper A is moved forward by the rotation of the driving force roller 10 while being sandwiched in between the driving force roller 10 and the sending roller 11 in the organizing and sending mechanism

7. However, since the above mentioned sending roller 11 is equipped in a tilted position that gets close to the front side or the organizing standard surface 1, paper A is moved forward while having its side Al being pushed against the organizing standard surface 1. For this reason, during the transport of paper A, its side Al is organized on the organizing standard surface 1. Then it is sent to the reading part 2, and the information recorded on paper A is read.

According to the above mentioned executed example machine, by setting the transporting speed FL and FR of the transporting belts 5a and 5b to FL > FR, paper A can be sent out while being bent towards the standard surface 6, and therefore, paper A that is taken out of the paper collecting part 1 can immediately be put against the organizing standard surface 6. The organizing of paper A is finished within a short distance because while getting passed on to the organizing and sending mechanism 7, paper A gets organized by the sending roller 11 and the organizing standard surface 6. Therefore, compared to what is available now, the aligner area S can be considerably shortened, and therefore, the transporting time is shortened, and the speed up in processing is possible. Also, because of the organizing and sending mechanism 7 in

this execution example, by adjusting the pressure of the adjuster bolt 15 and adjusting the elasticity of the coil spring, the pressure of the sending roller 11 against the paper A can be easily adjusted. Also, the angle of the sending roller 11 can be easily adjusted by adjusting the adjuster 14. Therefore, since the angle and the pressure of the sending roller 11 can be easily adjusted, a subtle adjustment of the sending strength and the sending direction of the paper A against the sending roller 11 become possible, and paper A can be correctly organized.

Although this executed example was structured as above, it is definitely possible to have various constructions for specific situations of the transporting system or the organizing and sending system when carrying out this invention as long as it does not go against the main principle of this invention. Also, this invention is not limited to the optical reading equipment. It can be used for printers, as well as other machines that deal with papers, etc.

As explained above, this invention is characterized by a transporting mechanism that gathers the front part of the paper towards the organizing standard surface, and transports it while tilted, and an organizing and sending mechanism that organizes the paper on the standard surface

by sending the paper while pressing it against the organizing standard surface after the paper was taken out of the transporting mechanism. Therefore, according to this invention, the paper that was sent out tilted by the above mentioned transporting system can be immediately pressed against the organizing standard surface, and this paper is organized immediately organized by the organizing and sending mechanism as soon as it is passed on to the organizing and sending mechanism. Therefore, the organizing can be done within much shorter distance than before. For this reason, the area aligner that is needed for the organization can be shortened, and the processing can be sped up. Also, since the transporting mechanism deliberately transports the paper tilted, the adjustment of the machine is much easier than when the paper had to be taken out as straight as possible, and there are various great effects such as the adjustment work becoming easier.

# 4. Simple explanation of the figures

Figure 1 and Figure 2 indicate the examples of what is presently available. Figure 1 is a level surface of the organizing and transporting mechanism part of the optical reading machine. Figure 2 is the side view of the same part. Figure 3 through Figure 5 indicate one execution example of this invention. Figure 3 is a level surface of

the organizing and transporting mechanism part of the optical reading machine. Figure 4 is the side view of the same part. Figure 5 is the cross-section of the V-V line indicated in Figure 4.

4 --- Organizing and transporting equipment, 5 --- transporting system, 5a, 5b --- transporting belt, 6 --- organizing standard surface, 7 --- organizing and sending system, 11 --- sending roller, A --- paper/ leaves, A1 --- side of the paper/ leaves.

Applicant representative Patent Attorney Masahiko Suzue

